

Kumush A'ZAMOVA,

Doctoral student of the Academy of Public Administration under the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan

Tel: +99891 011 34 34

E-mail: azamovakumush@gmail.com

Based on the review of Professor B.Sh.Karimov, Doctor of Sociological Sciences

MECHANISMS FOR RAISING HUMAN VALUE IN THE SOCIAL STATE

Annotation

This article explores the mechanisms for the upliftment of human value in the social state and the functions in this regard. During the writing of the article, the development strategy of the New Uzbekistan for 2022 — 2026 was analyzed, highlighting the established 12 goals in the establishment of a nationalistic state by raising human value and further developing a free civil society. Existing mechanisms have been considered in increasing human Qadir.

Key words: Human, dignity, ijtimoiy, State, Society, Development staretegy, neighborhood Institute.

МЕХАНИЗМЫ ПОВЫШЕНИЯ ЦЕННОСТИ ЧЕЛОВЕКА В ГОСУДАРСТВЕ ВСЕОБЩЕГО БЛАГОСОСТОЯНИЯ

Аннотация

В данной статье рассматриваются механизмы повышения ценности человека в государстве всеобщего благосостояния и функции, связанные с этим. В ходе написания статьи была проанализирована новая стратегия развития Узбекистана на 2022-2026 годы, освещены 12 поставленных целей создания Народно-демократического государства путем повышения ценности человека и дальнейшего развития свободного гражданского общества. Были рассмотрены существующие механизмы повышения способностей человека.

Ключевые слова: Человек, достоинство, социальное, государство, общество, стратегия развития, Институт соседства.

IJTIMOYIY DAVLATDA INSON QADRINI YUKSALTIRISH MEKANIZMLARI

Annotatsiya

Ushbu maqolada ijtimoiy davlatda inson qadrini yuksaltirish mexanizmlari va bu bo'yicha funksiyalar o'rganilgan. Maqolani yozsh davomida 2022—2026 yillarga mo'ljallangan Yangi O'zbekistonning taraqqiyot strategiyasi tahlil qilindi, inson qadrini yuksaltirish va erkin fuqarolik jamiyatini yanada rivojlantirish orqali xalqparvar davlat barpo etishdagi belgilangan 12 ta maqsad yoritildi. Inson qadrini oshirishda mavjud mexanizmlar ko'rib chiqildi.

Kalit so'zlar: Inson, qadr, ijtimoiy, davlat, jamiyat, taraqqiyot staretegiyasi, mahalla instituti.

Introduction. Currently, the promotion of human value in a social state is one of the relevant topics. The first time children were recognized as holders of rights was in 1924 with the Geneva Declaration. This was then repeated in 1948 for the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, and finally in 1989 on the Convention on the Rights of the Child. This set of norms indicate to mankind the need to consider every human being from 0 to 18 years old as a subject of special protection, with preferential treatment in the family, society, and the State. This establishes the Superior Interest of the Child as a principle that should guide all the measures taken in relation to Childhood and Adolescence. The ideal complement to achieve this goal is to apply the ethics of care in every decision, action, and thought[1].

Literature review. The development strategy of the new Uzbekistan is a logical continuation of the action strategy. 2 new priorities for the development strategy, provided that the development changes will continue at a new historical stage added. One of these is related to ensuring spiritual progress, while the other is a new priority established on the basis of Uzbekistan's attitude to global problems in the world. In development strategy, the focus is on the adoption, on the one hand, of laws, codes, concepts and programs related to the development of civil society. The next five countries in the new Uzbekistan development strategy[2].

We think that the scale and scale of the current democratic reforms, reflected in the year in 7 priorities of development, will further clarify the original reality.

In this important document, the following grandiose goals are clearly defined:

- "building a nationalistic state by exalting human dignity and further developing a free civil society;
- the transformation of the principles of justice and the rule of law in our country into the most basic and necessary condition for development;
- rapid development of the national economy and ensuring high growth rates;
- maintaining a fair social policy, developing human capital;
- ensuring spiritual progress and bringing the industry to a new level;
- to universal problems arising from national interests approach;
- strengthening the security and defense potential of our country, open conduct pragmatic and active foreign policy " .

In general, first in the strategy of action, then in the strategy of progress has taken over the implementation of the UN Sustainable Development Goals specific tactics and strategies of application to the life of our country have been outlined.

In other words, Uzbekistan has equal rights to foreign international relations as a member of the UN Development in harmony with the Sustainable Development Goals bringing down the path, the role and importance inherent in this regard, more importantly, instructive he was able to show his experience to the whole world. New Uzbekistan development strategy this important progressive process is evidence of continuous progress[2].

A nationalistic state is built by raising human value and further developing a free civil society. this is also one of the priority goals of our state. In particular, as part I of the new Uzbekistan development strategy for 2022-2026, the establishment of a nationalistic state through the promotion of human value and the further development of a free civil society was established with the 12th goal.

The 11th goal of the development strategy of the new Uzbekistan is to improve the mechanisms of dialogue with the people, according to which it was established to further improve the mechanisms of open dialogue with the people, expand the practice of making important decisions taking into account public opinion, and ensure the consistent implementation of the National Program of the purposefully, the governors of the region also studied the problems by going out to the places and kept up with the people[3].

Research Methodology. Laws, literature on the subject, scientific works, as well as internet resources were used. During the writing of the article, the principles of theoretical-deductive inference, analysis and synthesis were applied.

Analysis and results. It is noted that this development strategy consists of seven directions.

The first direction is aimed at building a nationalistic state by exalting human value and developing a free civil society. The glorification of human value, the provision of rights and freedoms, legitimate interests of everyone has become a priority of reforms carried out in our country[3]

Also, the following goals and objectives were set for the implementation of this direction:

Goal 1: increase the efficiency of the activities of the neighborhood Institute, making it a backbone of Public Administration and control.

Goal 2: to make the councils of people's deputies the main link in solving existing problems in the regions.

Goal 3: adaptation of the institutional framework of the activities of local government bodies to the requirements of the time.

Goal 4: transformation of the activities of Public Administration bodies on the principle of "orientation to the service of citizens".

Goal 5: implementation of a system of Public Administration that serves compact, professional, Fair, High Performance.

Goal 6: to compact the administrative apparatus in the system of Public Administration and to make work processes acceptable.

Goal 7: further increase the role of the House of Commons and political parties in the consistent continuation of reforms in our country.

Goal 8: modernization of the norm creativity process, ensuring the strict implementation of legislative acts.

Goal 9: develop an "e-government" system, increase the share of E-public services to 100%, and eliminate bureaucracy.

Goal 10: Organization of the state civil service system on the basis of modern standards.

Goal 11: improving the mechanisms of communication with the people.

Goal 12: improving the organizational framework for the implementation of effective public control.

In solving social economic problems, the powers of citizens' self-government bodies are expanded and a separate fund of the neighborhood is created for this purpose. All this leads to an increase in quality and efficiency in solving population problems. In general, each priority of the strategy is human covered tasks that serve to glorify dignity.

After all, as our president noted, — "human dignity is not some kind of abstract, lofty concept for us. By human dignity, we mean, first of all, that every citizen lives a peaceful and safe life, ensuring his fundamental rights and freedoms." {3,1326}

Raising human value is indeed a multifaceted endeavor that necessitates collaboration across different sectors of society to achieve meaningful and sustainable impacts. Here are some key areas where concerted efforts from various sectors can contribute to enhancing human value:

Governmental Policies and Programs: Governments play a vital role in establishing policies and programs that promote human welfare, such as healthcare provisions, social safety nets, education systems, and employment opportunities. Ensuring that policies are equitable and inclusive can enhance the overall value of individuals within society.

Non-Profit Organizations and Charities: Non-profit organizations and charities often work directly with marginalized or vulnerable populations to address their needs, provide support, and advocate for their rights. By partnering with these organizations, communities can expand their reach and impact in raising human value.

Private Sector Engagement: Businesses can contribute to raising human value through corporate social responsibility initiatives, sustainable practices, fair labor policies, and ethical business conduct. By prioritizing the well-being of employees, customers, and communities, corporations can enhance human value within their sphere of influence.

Educational Institutions: Schools, colleges, and universities play a critical role in shaping the values, skills, and aspirations of individuals. By fostering an environment that promotes critical thinking, empathy, diversity, and lifelong learning, educational institutions can significantly contribute to enhancing human value.

Media and Communication: The media plays a powerful role in shaping public perceptions, attitudes, and values. By promoting positive narratives, showcasing human achievements, and raising awareness about social issues, the media can contribute to enhancing human value and fostering a more compassionate and informed society.

Community Engagement: Local communities play a vital role in supporting vulnerable individuals, promoting social cohesion, and fostering a sense of belonging. By organizing community events, volunteer activities, and grassroots initiatives, communities can empower individuals and strengthen social bonds.

International Cooperation: Global challenges such as poverty, climate change, and conflict require international cooperation and solidarity to address effectively. By working together across borders, nations can promote shared values, mutual respect, and collective action to enhance human value on a global scale.

By engaging with these various sectors and working collaboratively towards a common goal of raising human value, societies can create a more inclusive, compassionate, and sustainable world for all individuals to thrive and fulfill their potential.

Conclusion/Recommendations. Raising human value involves a multifaceted approach that requires concerted efforts from various sectors of society. Here are some mechanisms that can contribute to enhancing human value:

Education: Providing quality education that is inclusive, equitable, and accessible to all individuals can significantly raise human value. Education fosters critical thinking, empathy, and skills that empower individuals to lead fulfilling lives and contribute positively to society.

Healthcare: Ensuring access to affordable healthcare services promotes the physical and mental well-being of individuals, thereby enhancing their value and productivity. Healthcare systems that prioritize preventive care, mental health support, and early intervention can elevate human value.

Social Support: Establishing social safety nets, such as social assistance programs, affordable housing initiatives, and community support services, can uplift individuals facing adversity and hardship, thereby reinforcing their value within society.

Equality and Justice: Promoting equality, justice, and human rights for all individuals, regardless of their background, gender, race, or beliefs, is crucial for enhancing human value. Upholding fairness, inclusivity, and non-discrimination fosters a sense of dignity and worth among all members of society.

Employment and Economic Opportunities: Creating job opportunities, ensuring fair wages, and fostering economic stability can enhance human value by providing individuals with the means to support themselves and their families, fostering a sense of purpose and self-worth.

Cultural and Social Integration: Encouraging cultural diversity, social cohesion, and community engagement can enrich the human experience and promote a sense of belonging and value among individuals from different backgrounds.

Personal Development: Supporting personal growth, self-improvement, and lifelong learning through mentorship, skills development programs, and personal development initiatives can empower individuals to realize their full potential and increase their value to themselves and society.

By implementing these mechanisms and fostering a supportive environment that values the innate worth and dignity of every individual, societies can work towards raising human value and promoting a more inclusive, equitable, and flourishing world for all.

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